


## Year 2

All of our work for the next two weeks is based around the book 'Starry Eyed Stan' Please find today's learning tasks below.

The table below explains the tasks and you will find the resources underneath. Your child will know which challenge they usually access in each subject and which task will be appropriate for them.

<b>Year group: 2      Date: 06.07.20</b>			
<b>English</b>  	<b>Starry Eyed Stan' !</b> Please read the story together again – maybe you could even try out your own voices for the characters or act it out with your family!! There is a Powerpoint of the story or you can listen or read to the e –book.		
	<b>Bronze</b>	<b>Silver</b>	<b>Gold</b>
	Today there is a comprehension activity to complete – You might want an adult to read the crabs text to you first.	Today there is a comprehension activity to complete – You might want to read the crabs text with an adult first.	Today there is a comprehension activity to complete – there are some great facts about crabs in there.
<b>Maths</b>	Warm Up – look at the maths 'think it' below– How many lines of symmetry are there for each shape?		
	<b>Bronze</b>	<b>Silver</b>	<b>Gold</b>
	Today you will be completing a symmetry activity. Complete the sheet below. If you don't have a printer you could draw your own half and try to make it symmetrical.	Today you will be completing a symmetry activity. Complete the sheet below. If you don't have a printer you could draw your own half and try to make it symmetrical.	Today you will be completing a symmetry activity. Complete the sheet below. If you don't have a printer you could draw your own half and try to make it symmetrical.
<b>Reading</b>	Choose another activity from our reading bingo sheet – what will you choose today?		
<b>Phonics</b>	Complete the activities from the SPAG mat for today, choose bronze silver or gold.		

Unless otherwise specified, please complete the tasks in either your home learning book or print out the document below.

# Cool Crabs

## Where Do Crabs Live?

Most crabs live in the sea all over the world. They even live under the ice at the South Pole. One type of crab lives on land and can climb up trees!



## How Many Legs Do Crabs Have?

Crabs have 10 legs. The front two legs have claws. They use the other eight legs for walking.

## Can a Crab's Shell Get Bigger?

A crab's shell cannot grow or stretch. When a crab gets too big for its shell, it will climb out of it and make a new one.

## What Is the Biggest Crab?

The biggest crab in the world is the Japanese spider crab. They can be up to 4 metres wide!

## What Is the Smallest Crab?

The smallest crab in the world is the pea crab. They are only up to 1cm wide.



### Fun Facts!

- Crab's eyes are on sticks on top of their head.
- Most crabs have flat bodies. This means that they can squeeze into very small spaces.
- A group of crabs is called a cast.

# Questions

1. Where do most crabs live? Tick one.

- in the trees
- on the ice
- in the sea

2. How many legs do crabs have? Tick one.

- 2
- 5
- 10

3. What does a crab do when its shell is too small? Tick one.

- it makes it bigger
- it climbs out of it
- it is never too small

4. What is the smallest crab in the world? Tick one.

- the spider crab
- the tiny crab
- the pea crab

5. What is a group of crabs called? Tick one.

- a cast
- a gap
- a claw

## Cool Crabs

Crabs are sometimes called the 'spiders of the sea' because of their long legs. Let's look at some more interesting facts about crabs.



### Where Do Crabs Live?

Crabs live in every sea around the world. They can live in underwater volcanoes and underneath the ice in Antarctica. One type of crab even lives on land and can climb trees!

### What Is a Crab's Body Like?

Crabs have 10 legs. The front two legs have claws. The other eight legs are used for walking.

Crabs have an exoskeleton. This means that they have a skeleton outside of their body. A crab's exoskeleton is its shell.

A crab's shell does not grow or stretch. When a crab grows bigger, it gets too big for its shell. The shell cracks and the crab climbs out of it. It will then make a new one.

### The World's Biggest and Smallest Crabs

The biggest crab in the world is the Japanese spider crab. They can be up to 4 metres across! The smallest crab in the world is the pea crab. They are only up to 1cm across. That's a big difference!

#### Fun Facts!

- Crabs do not have teeth in their mouth but some crabs have teeth in their stomach!
- Crab's eyes are on sticks on top of their head.
- The name for a group of crabs is a cast.
- Most crabs have flat bodies. This means that they can squeeze into very small spaces.

# Questions

1. What are crabs sometimes called? Tick **one**.

- underwater fish  
 spiders of the sea  
 tree climbers

2. Find and copy **two** facts about a crab's legs.

1. \_\_\_\_\_  
 2. \_\_\_\_\_

3. Which two of these does a crab's shell not do?

- crack  
 grow  
 stretch

4. Draw a line to complete the sentences.

The biggest crab is the	a cast.
The smallest crab is the	pea crab.
A group of crabs is called	Japanese spider crab.

5. Which word means a skeleton that is outside of the body?

\_\_\_\_\_

## Cool Crabs

Sometimes known as 'spiders of the sea' because of their long legs, crabs are interesting creatures with a lot of fun features. Let's take a look.



### Anywhere and Everywhere

Crabs can be found in more places on earth than any other sea animal. They live in every ocean around the world and can be found in volcanoes and beneath the ice in Antarctica. One type of crab even lives on land and can climb trees!

### Odd Bods

Crabs have unusual bodies. They are decapods. This means that they have 10 limbs. The front two legs have claws, known as pincers. The other eight legs are used for walking.

Crabs are also invertebrates. This means that they do not have a backbone. However, crabs have an exoskeleton (a skeleton outside their body). Their exoskeleton is their shell.

Crabs' shells do not grow or stretch. When crabs grow bigger, they get too big for their shell. They begin to grow a soft shell underneath their hard shell. When the hard shell is too small, it cracks and the crab climbs out of it.



### True or False?

Although there are said to be around 5000 different kinds of crab, only 4500 of them are true crabs. 500 of these species are not actually crabs because they do not have enough legs and their body is too long.

The largest crab in the world is the Japanese spider crab which can be up to 4 metres across! The smallest crab is the pea crab, which measures up to 1cm. That's a big difference!

### Fascinating Fact

Crabs do not have teeth in their mouth but some crabs (such as the brown crab) have teeth in their stomach!



# Questions

1. There are around \_\_\_\_\_ different kinds of **true** crabs. Tick one.

- 500  
 4500  
 5000

2. What is the name for a type of creature which has 10 limbs?

\_\_\_\_\_

3. Find **one** word in the text which means the same as **starts**.

\_\_\_\_\_

4. Give two reasons why some crabs are not classed as **true** crabs.

1. \_\_\_\_\_  
2. \_\_\_\_\_

5. Draw a line to match these facts to the correct animal.

brown crab
Japanese spider crab
pea crab

It has teeth in its stomach.
It measures up to 1cm wide.
It can be up to 4 metres across.

6. Why do you think crabs are found in more places on earth than any other sea creature?

\_\_\_\_\_



Question

Answer

a

b

c

d

e

What on earth is that, Manu?

This will show you the line symmetry on all these shapes. Can you write down how many lines each shape has?

Question

Answer

a

b

c

d

e

4

2

3

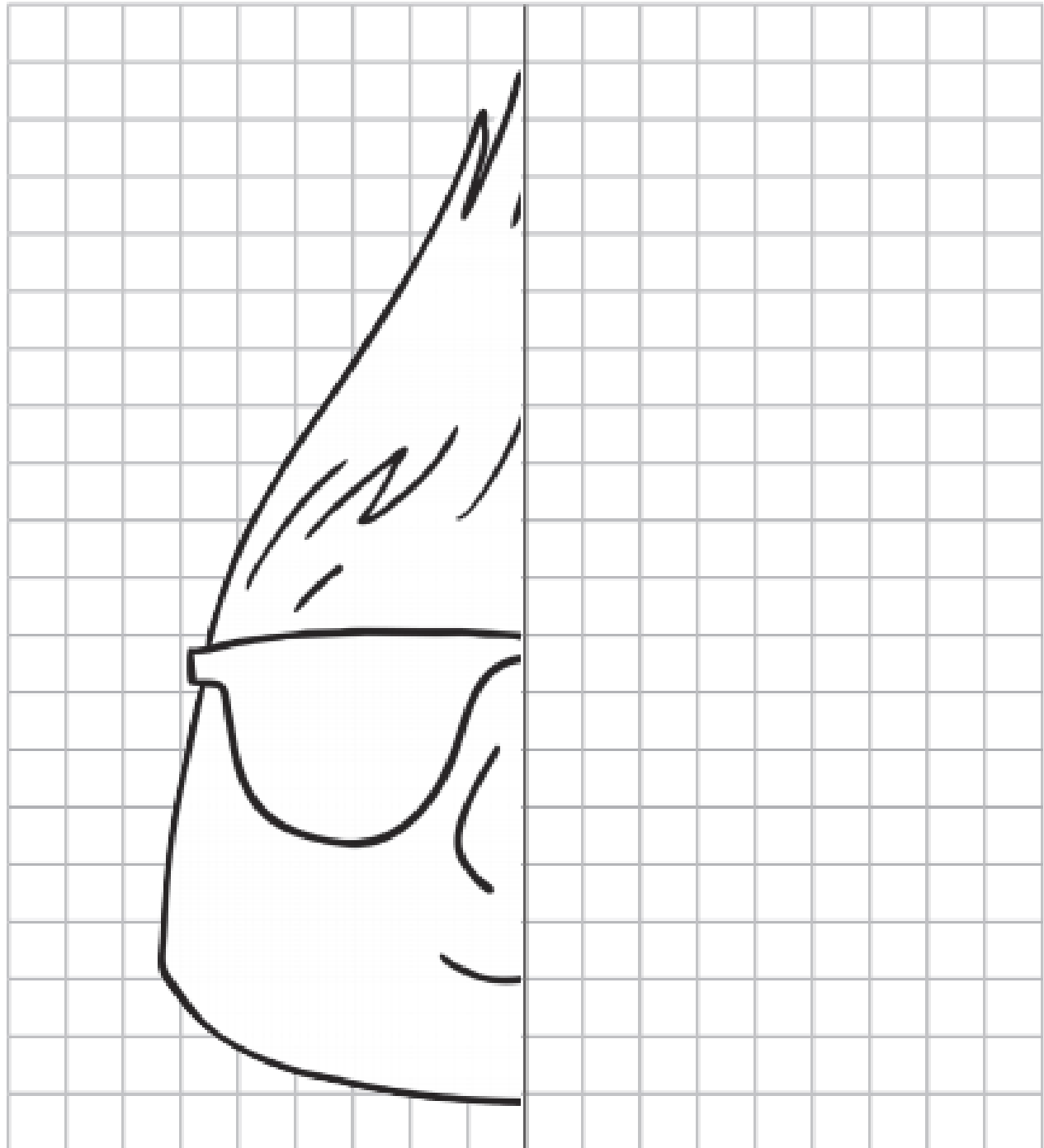
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1

Using a ruler, can you find out how many lines of symmetry a circle has?

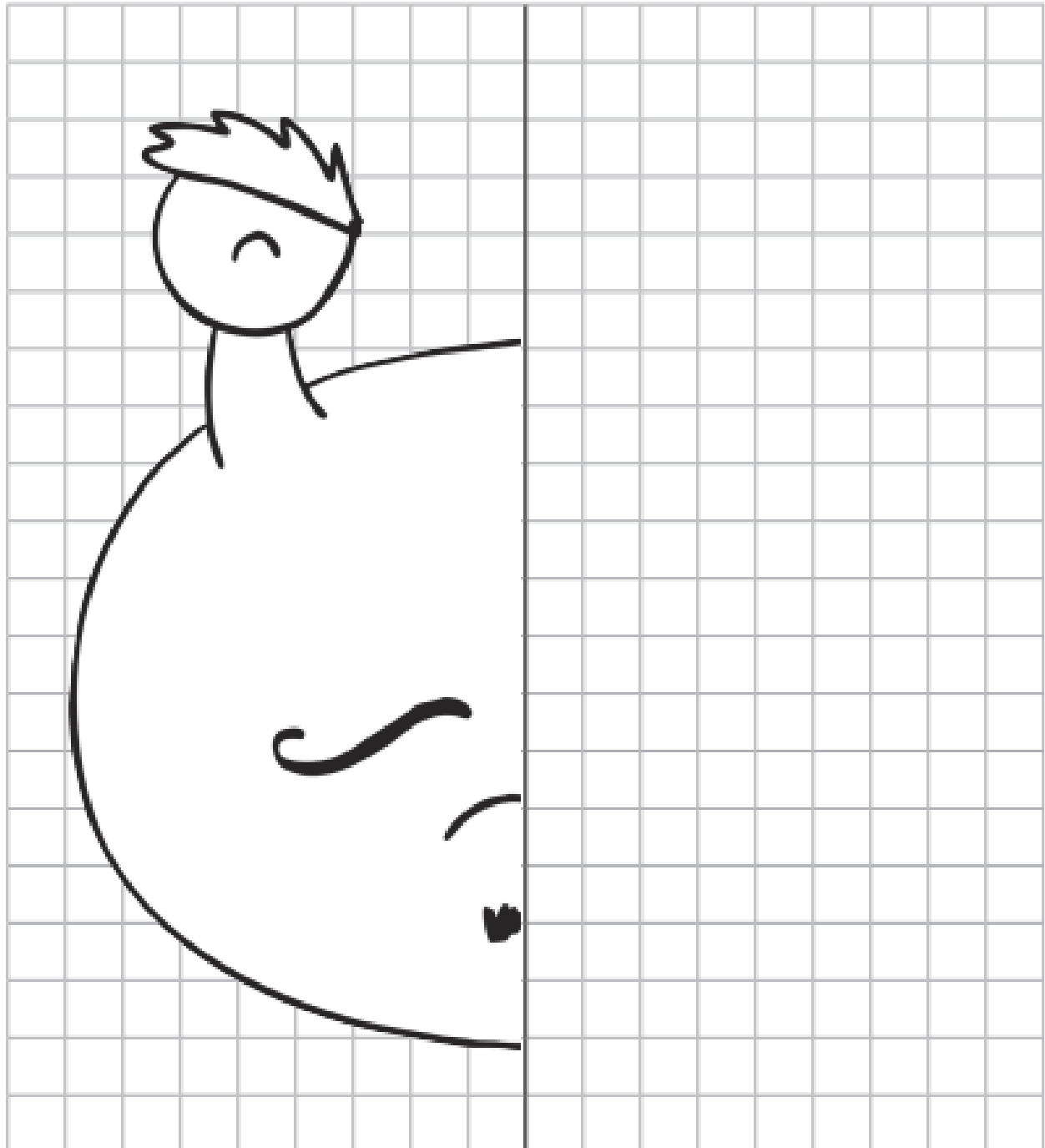
# Starry-Eyed Stan Symmetry

Can you draw the other half of the picture?



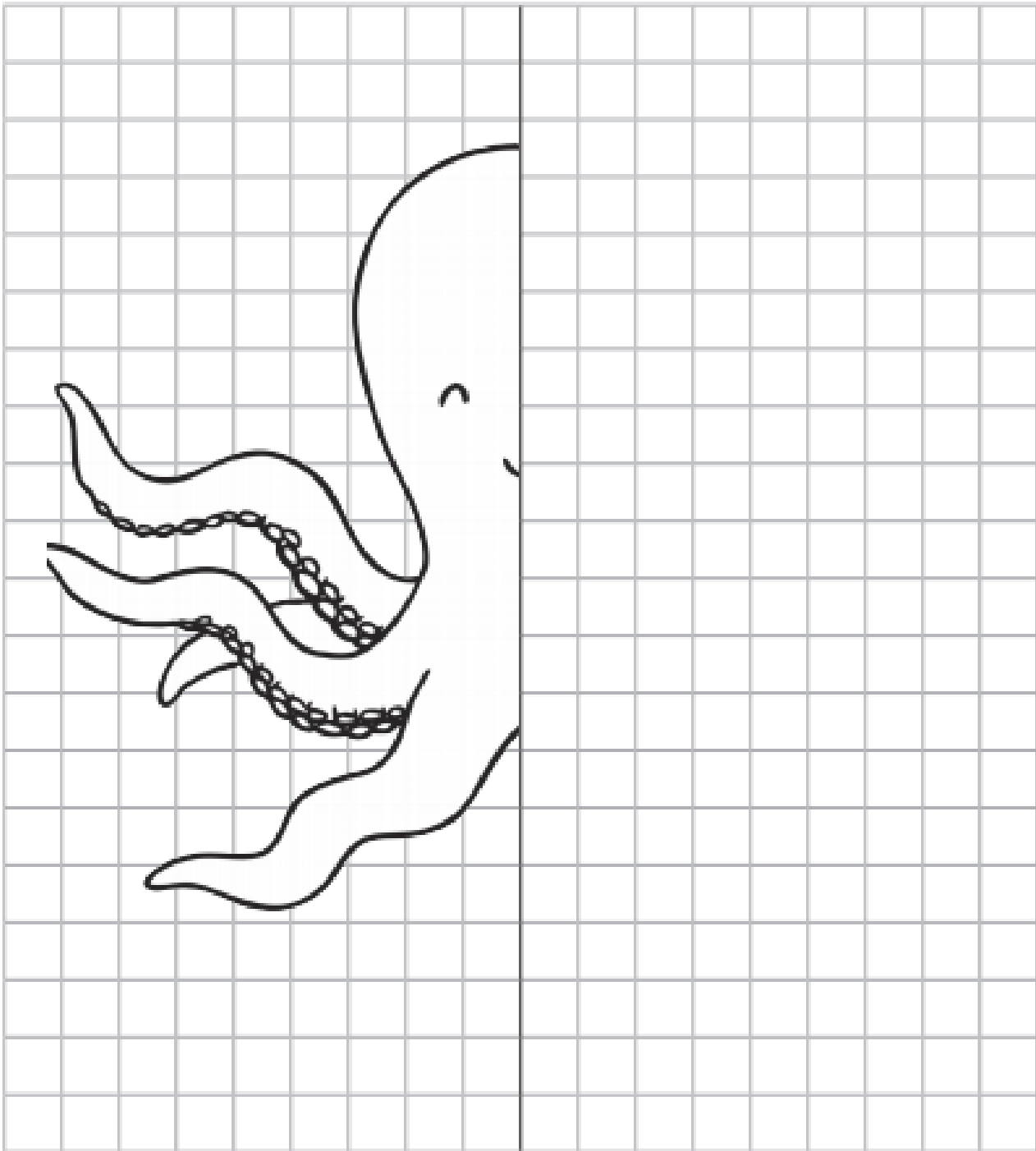
# Starry-Eyed Stan Symmetry

Can you draw the other half of the picture?



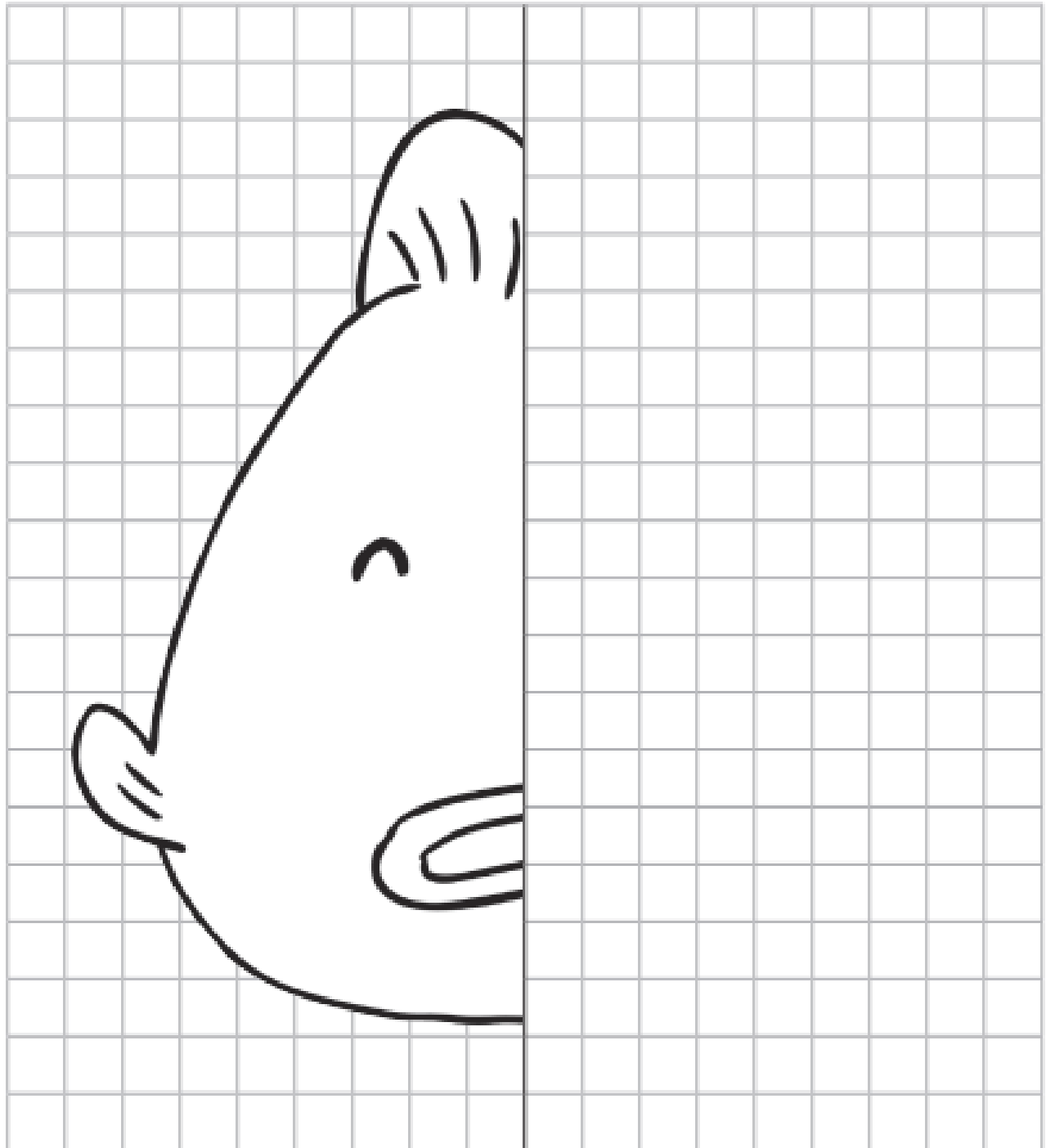
# Starry-Eyed Stan Symmetry

Can you draw the other half of the picture?



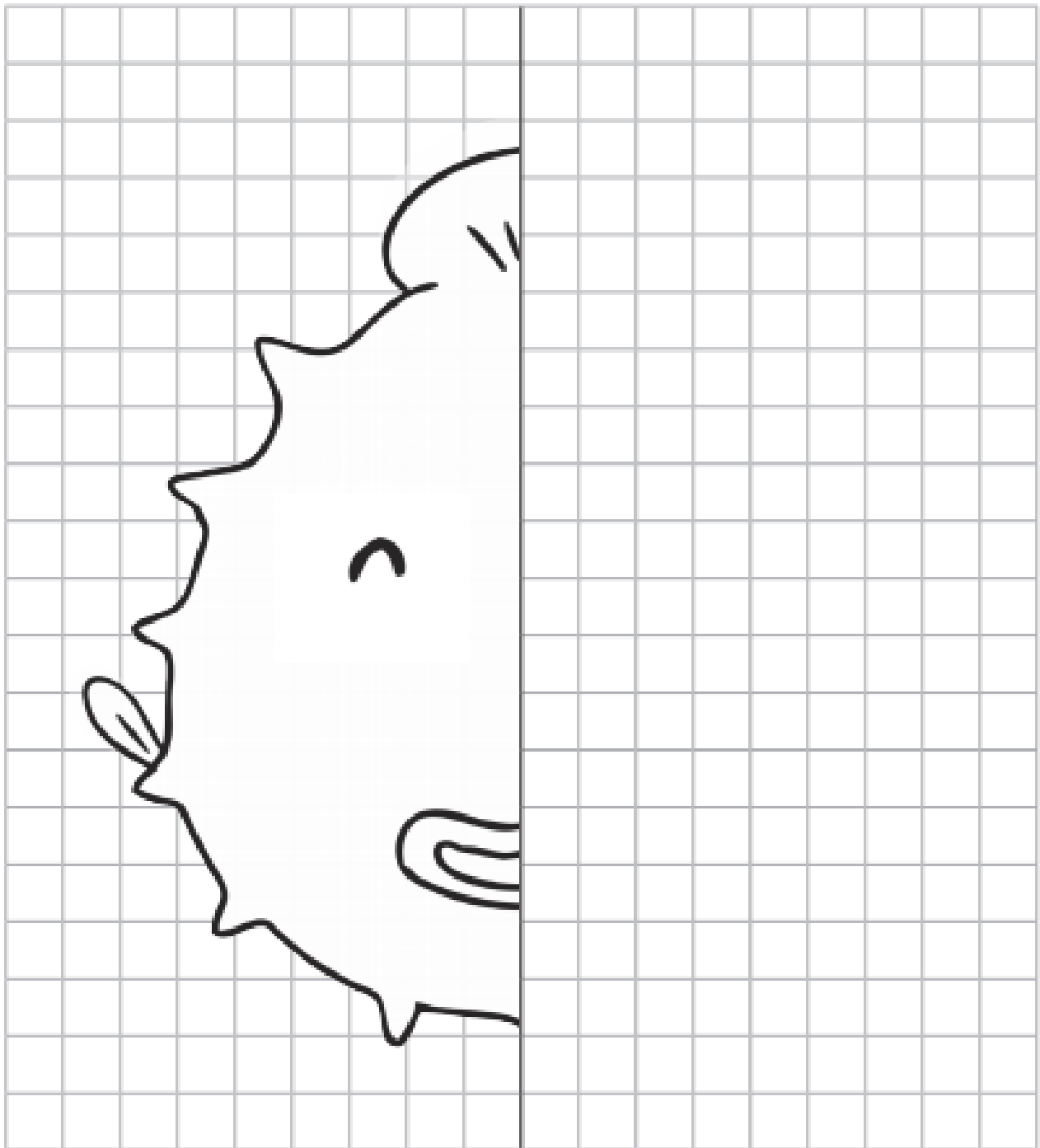
# Starry-Eyed Stan Symmetry

Can you draw the other half of the picture?



# Starry-Eyed Stan Symmetry

Can you draw the other half of the picture?



# Year 2 Summer Term 2 SPaG Mat

4

**a** Circle the conjunction in this sentence.

He liked to skateboard or cycle to work every day.



**b** Write these two words as one word, using an apostrophe.

he is

\_\_\_\_\_

**c** Underline the compound word in this sentence.

The waterfall was very pretty.



**d** Practise writing these year 2 common exception word spellings.

last \_\_\_\_\_

past \_\_\_\_\_

move \_\_\_\_\_

bath \_\_\_\_\_

hold \_\_\_\_\_

**e** Which year 2 common exception word has Mr Whoops been juggling with?

h

w

o



\_\_\_\_\_

**f** Improve this sentence by creating an expanded noun phrase.

Selma went up to the \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_ attic.



# Year 2 Summer Term 2 SPaG Mat

4

**a** Circle the conjunction in each of these sentences.

He liked to skateboard or cycle to work every day.

The crab loved the pier but the seagulls always tried to peck him there!



**b** Write each of these sets of words as one word, using an apostrophe.

he is \_\_\_\_\_

we are \_\_\_\_\_

**c** Underline the compound word in each of these sentences.

The waterfall was very pretty.

He got some new sunglasses.



**d** Practise writing these year 2 common exception word spellings.

sure \_\_\_\_\_

sugar \_\_\_\_\_

who \_\_\_\_\_

whole \_\_\_\_\_

again \_\_\_\_\_

**e** Which year 2 common exception word has Mr Whoops been juggling with?



\_\_\_\_\_

**f** Improve these sentences by creating an expanded noun phrase for each one.

Selma went up to the \_\_\_\_\_ attic.

He loved the picture of the \_\_\_\_\_ elephants.



# Year 2 Summer Term 2 SPaG Mat

**a** Circle the conjunction in each of these sentences.

He liked to skateboard or cycle to work every day.

The crab loved the pier but the seagulls always tried to peck him there!

They sat outside talking and they forgot about the time.



**c** Underline the compound word in each of these sentences.

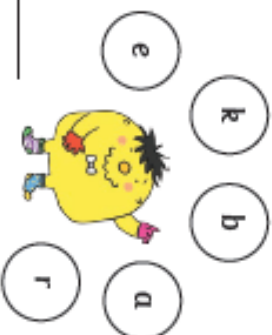
The waterfall was very pretty.

He got some new sunglasses.

Mei faded into the background and into the night.



**e** Which year 2 common exception word has Mr Whoops been juggling with?



**d** Practise writing these year 2 common exception word spellings.

everybody \_\_\_\_\_ wander \_\_\_\_\_

beautiful \_\_\_\_\_ quantity \_\_\_\_\_

because \_\_\_\_\_

**b** Write each of these sets of words as one word, using an apostrophe.

he is \_\_\_\_\_

we are \_\_\_\_\_

could not \_\_\_\_\_

**f** Improve these sentences by creating an expanded noun phrase for each one.

Selma went up to the \_\_\_\_\_ attic.

He loved the picture of the \_\_\_\_\_ elephants.

Their grandma said the \_\_\_\_\_ present was the best.