Knypersley First School

Mathematics coverage EYFS – Year 6

Year group Nursery- Mathematics

Number	Shape, Space and measure
I can recite numbers in order to 10 (30-50m).	I show an interest in shape and space by playing with shapes or making arrangements with objects (30-50m).
I know that numbers identify how many objects are in a set (30-50m).	I can use positional language (30-50m).
Beginning to represent numbers using fingers, marks on paper or pictures (30-50m).	I can use shapes appropriately for tasks (30-50m).
I sometimes matches numeral and quantity correctly (30-50m).	I am beginning to talk about the shapes of everyday objects, e.g. 'round' and 'tall' (30-50m).
I can compares two groups of objects, saying when they have the same number (30-50m).	
I show an interest in number problems (30-50m).	
I can separate a group of three or four objects in different ways, beginning to recognise that the total is still the same (30-50m).	
I can show an interest in numerals in the environment (30-50m).	
I show an interest in representing numbers (30-50m).	
I can realise not only objects, but anything can be counted, including steps, claps or jumps (30-50m).	

I will learn….	I will learn….
- How to recite numbers to 10 - How to recite numbers in order to 10 - How numbers identify 'how many' in a set. - How to match numbers (numerals) and quantities - How to represent numbers using fingers, marks on paper, fingers, objects etc - How to show an interest in solving problems - How to separate objects in different ways and recognise that the total is always the same. - How to show an interest in numerals around the environment - How to recognise numerals around the environment - How to represent numbers - How to count in different ways ie claps, jumps etc	- How to show an interest in shapes and discuss some properties - How to make arrangements with shapes and objects - How to sort some shapes. - How to use positional language – up, down etc - How to use shapes appropriately during tasks - How to use the language around shapes of everyday objects ie round, tall

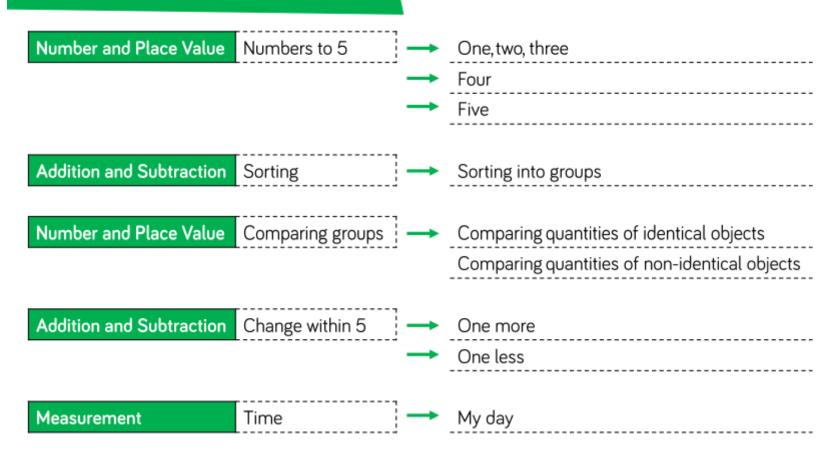# Reception Guidance

#MathsEveryoneCan

	Week 1	Week 2	Week 3	Week 4	Week 5	Week 6	Week 7	Week 8	Week 9	Week 10	Week 11	Week 12
Autumn	Place Value - Numbers to 5 Addition and Subtraction - Sorting Place Value - Comparing groups Addition and Subtraction - Change within 5 Measurement - Time											
Spring	Addition and Subtraction - Numbers to 5 Place Value - Numbers to 10 Addition and Subtraction - Addition to 10 Geometry - Shape and space											
Summer	Geometry - Exploring patterns Addition and Subtraction - Count on and back Place Value - Numbers to 20 Multiplication and Division - Numerical patterns Measurement - Measure											

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Autumn Progression

Number and Place Value	Numbers to 5	→ One, two, three
		→ Four
		→ Five

| Addition and Subtraction | Sorting | → Sorting into groups |

| Number and Place Value | Comparing groups | → Comparing quantities of identical objects |
| | | Comparing quantities of non-identical objects |

| Addition and Subtraction | Change within 5 | → One more |
| | | → One less |

| Measurement | Time | → My day |

Spring Progression

| Addition and Subtraction | Numbers to 5 | → Number bonds to 5 |

| Number and Place Value | Numbers to 10 | → Counting to 6, 7 and 8 |
| → Counting to 9 and 10 |
| → Comparing groups up to 10 |

| Addition and Subtraction | Addition to 10 | → Combining two groups to find the whole |
| → Number bonds to 10 – ten frame |
| → Number bonds to 10 – part-whole model |

| Geometry | Shape and space | → Spatial awareness |
| 3-D shapes |
| 2-D shapes |

Summer Progression

Geometry	Exploring patterns	→	Making simple patterns
		→	Exploring more complex patterns
Addition and Subtraction	Count on and back	→	Adding by counting on
		→	Taking away by counting back
Number and Place Value	Numbers to 20	→	Counting to 20
Multiplication and Division	Numerical patterns	→	Doubling
		→	Halving and sharing
		→	Odds and evens
Measurement	Measure	→	Length, height and distance
		→	Weight
		→	Capacity

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Year 1

Small Steps Guidance and Examples

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Year 1 – Yearly Overview

	Week 1	Week 2	Week 3	Week 4	Week 5	Week 6	Week 7	Week 8	Week 9	Week 10	Week 11	Week 12
Autumn	Number: Place Value (within 10)				Number: Addition and Subtraction (within 10)				Geometry: Shape	Number: Place Value (within 20)		Consolidation
Spring	Number: Addition and Subtraction (within 20)				Number: Place Value (within 50) (Multiples of 2, 5 and 10 to be included)			Measurement: Length and Height		Measurement: Weight and Volume		Consolidation
Summer	Number: Multiplication and Division (Reinforce multiples of 2, 5 and 10 to be included)			Number: Fractions		Geometry: position and direction	Number: Place Value (within 100)		Measurement: money	Time		Consolidation

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Year 1 – Autumn Term

Week 1	Week 2	Week 3	Week 4	Week 5	Week 6	Week 7	Week 8	Week 9	Week 10	Week 11	Week 12
Number: Place Value Count to <u>ten</u>, forwards and backwards, beginning with 0 or 1, or from any given number. Count, read and write numbers to <u>10</u> in numerals and words. Given a number, identify one more or one less. Identify and represent numbers using objects and pictorial representations including the number line, and use the language of: equal to, more than, less than (fewer), most, least.				**Number: Addition and Subtraction** Represent and use number bonds and related subtraction facts <u>within 10</u> Read, write and interpret mathematical statements involving addition (+), subtraction (-) and equals (=) signs. Add and subtract one digit numbers <u>to 10</u>, including zero. Solve one step problems that involve addition and subtraction, using concrete objects and pictorial representations and missing number problems.				<u>Geometry:</u> <u>Shape</u> Recognise and name common 2-D shapes, including: (for example, rectangles (including squares), circles and triangles) Recognise and name common 3-D shapes, including: (for example, cuboids (including cubes), pyramids and spheres.)	**Number: Place Value** Count to <u>twenty</u>, forwards and backwards, beginning with 0 or 1, from any given number. Count, read and write numbers to <u>20</u> in numerals and words. Given a number, identify one more or one less. Identify and represent numbers using objects and pictorial representations including the number line, and use the language of: equal to, more than, less than (fewer), most, least.		Consolidation

Year 1 – Spring Term

Week 1	Week 2	Week 3	Week 4	Week 5	Week 6	Week 7	Week 8	Week 9	Week 10	Week 11	Week 12
<u>Number: Addition and Subtraction</u> Represent and use number bonds and related subtraction facts within 20 Read, write and interpret mathematical statements involving addition (+), subtraction (-) and equals (=) signs. Add and subtract one-digit and two-digit numbers to 20, including zero. Solve one step problems that involve addition and subtraction, using concrete objects and pictorial representations, and missing number problems such as 7= □ – 9				<u>Place Value</u> Count to <u>50</u> forwards and backwards, beginning with 0 or 1, or from any number. Count, read and write numbers to <u>50</u> in numerals. Given a number, identify one more or one less. Identify and represent numbers using objects and pictorial representations including the number line, and use the language of: equal to, more than, less than (fewer), most, least. <u>Count in multiples of twos, fives</u> and tens.			<u>Measurement: Length and Height</u> Measure and begin to record lengths and heights. <u>Compare, describe and solve practical problems for: lengths and heights (for example, long/short, longer/shorter, tall/short, double/half)</u>		<u>Measurement: Weight and Volume</u> Measure and begin to record mass/weight, capacity and volume. <u>Compare, describe and solve practical problems for mass/weight: [for example, heavy/light, heavier than, lighter than]; capacity and volume [for example, full/empty, more than, less than,</u> half, half full, quarter]		Consolidation

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Year 1 – Summer Term

Week 1	Week 2	Week 3	Week 4	Week 5	Week 6	Week 7	Week 8	Week 9	Week 10	Week 11	Week 12
Number: Multiplication and Division Count in multiples of twos, fives and tens. Solve one step problems involving multiplication and division, by calculating the answer using concrete objects, pictorial representations and arrays with the support of the teacher.			**Number: Fractions** Recognise, find and name a half as one of two equal parts of an object, shape or quantity. Recognise, find and name a quarter as one of four equal parts of an object, shape or quantity. **Compare, describe and solve practical problems for: lengths and heights (for example,** long/short, longer/shorter, tall/short, **double/half)** **Compare, describe and solve practical problems for: mass/weight [for example,** heavy/light, heavier than, lighter than]; capacity and volume [for example, full/empty, more than, less than, **half, half full, quarter]**		**Geometry: position and direction** Describe position, direction and movement, including whole, half, quarter and three quarter turns	**Number: Place Value** Count to and across 100, forwards and backwards, beginning with 0 or 1, or from any given number. Count, read and write numbers to 100 in numerals. Given a number, identify one more and one less. Identify and represent numbers using objects and pictorial representations including the number line, and use the language of: equal to, more than, less than, most, least.		**Measurement: Money** Recognise and know the value of different denominations of coins and notes.	**Measurement: Time** Sequence events in chronological order using language [for example, before and after, next, first, today, yesterday, tomorrow, morning, afternoon and evening. Recognise and use language relating to dates, including days of the week, weeks, months and years. Tell the time to the hour and half past the hour and draw the hands on a clock face to show these times. Compare, describe and solve practical problems for time [for example, quicker, slower, earlier, later] Measure and begin to record time (hours, minutes, seconds)		Consolidation

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Year 2

Small Steps Guidance and Examples

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Year 2 – Yearly Overview

	Week 1	Week 2	Week 3	Week 4	Week 5	Week 6	Week 7	Week 8	Week 9	Week 10	Week 11	Week 12
Autumn	Number: Place value			Number: Addition and Subtraction					Measurement: Money		Number: Multiplication and Division	
Spring	Number: Multiplication and Division			Statistics		Geometry: Properties of Shape			Number: Fractions		Measurement: length and height	Consolidation
Summer	Position and direction			Problem solving and efficient methods		Measurement: Time		Measurement: Mass, Capacity and Temperature			Investigations	

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WRM – Year 2 – Scheme of Learning 2.0

Year 2 – Autumn Term

Week 1	Week 2	Week 3	Week 4	Week 5	Week 6	Week 7	Week 8	Week 9	Week 10	Week 11	Week 12

Number – Place Value	Number – Addition and Subtraction	Measurement: Money	Multiplication and Division
Read and write numbers to at least 100 in numerals and in words. Recognise the place value of each digit in a two digit number (tens, ones) Identify, represent and estimate numbers using different representations including the number line. Compare and order numbers from 0 up to 100; use <, > and = signs. Use place value and number facts to solve problems. Count in steps of 2, 3 and 5 from 0, and in tens from any number, forward and backward.	Recall and use addition and subtraction facts to 20 fluently, and derive and use related facts up to 100. Add and subtract numbers using concrete objects, pictorial representations, and mentally, including: a two-digit number and ones; a two-digit number and tens; two two-digit numbers; adding three one-digit numbers. Show that the addition of two numbers can be done in any order (commutative) and subtraction of one number from another cannot. Solve problems with addition and subtraction: using concrete objects and pictorial representations, including those involving numbers, quantities and measures; applying their increasing knowledge of mental and written methods. Recognise and use the inverse relationship between addition and subtraction and use this to check calculations and solve missing number problems.	Recognise and use symbols for pounds (£) and pence (p); combine amounts to make a particular value. Find different combinations of coins that equal the same amounts of money. Solve simple problems in a practical context involving addition and subtraction of money of the same unit, including giving change.	Recall and use multiplication and division facts for the 2, 5 and 10 times tables, including recognising odd and even numbers. Calculate mathematical statements for multiplication and division within the multiplication tables and write them using the multiplication (x), division (÷) and equals (=) sign. Solve problems involving multiplication and division, using materials, arrays, repeated addition, mental methods and multiplication and division facts, including problems in contexts. Show that the multiplication of two numbers can be done in any order (commutative) and division of one number by another cannot.

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WRM – Year 2 – Scheme of Learning 2.0

Year 2 – Spring Term

Week 1	Week 2	Week 3	Week 4	Week 5	Week 6	Week 7	Week 8	Week 9	Week 10	Week 11	Week 12
Multiplication and Division Recall and use multiplication and division facts for the 2, 5 and 10 times tables, including recognising odd and even numbers. Calculate mathematical statements for multiplication and division within the multiplication tables and write them using the multiplication (×), division (÷) and equals (=) signs. Solve problems involving multiplication and division, using materials, arrays, repeated addition, mental methods and multiplication and division facts, including problems in contexts. Show that the multiplication of two numbers can be done in any order (commutative) and division of one number by another cannot.		Statistics Interpret and construct simple pictograms, tally charts, block diagrams and simple tables. Ask and answer simple questions by counting the number of objects in each category and sorting the categories by quantity. Ask and answer questions about totalling and comparing categorical data.		Geometry- properties of shape Identify and describe the properties of 2-D shapes, including the number of sides and line symmetry in a vertical line. Identify and describe the properties of 3-D shapes, including the number of edges, vertices and faces. Identify 2-D shapes on the surface of 3-D shapes, [for example, a circle on a cylinder and a triangle on a pyramid.] Compare and sort common 2-D and 3-D shapes and everyday objects.			Number – fractions Recognise, find, name and write fractions $\frac{1}{3}$, $\frac{1}{4}$, $\frac{2}{4}$ and $\frac{3}{4}$ of a length, shape, set of objects or quantity. Write simple fractions for example, $\frac{1}{2}$ of 6 = 3 and recognise the equivalence of $\frac{2}{4}$ and $\frac{1}{2}$.			Measurement: length and height Choose and use appropriate standard units to estimate and measure length/height in any direction (m/cm); mass (kg/g); temperature (°C); capacity (litres/ml) to the nearest appropriate unit, using rulers, scales, thermometers and measuring vessels Compare and order lengths, mass, volume/capacity and record the results using >, < and =	Consolidation

WRM – Year 2 – Scheme of Learning 2.0

Year 2 – Summer Term

Week 1	Week 2	Week 3	Week 4	Week 5	Week 6	Week 7	Week 8	Week 9	Week 10	Week 11	Week 12
Position and Direction Use mathematical vocabulary to describe position, direction and movement including movement in a straight line and distinguishing between rotation as a turn and in terms of right angles for quarter, half and three-quarter turns (clockwise and anti-clockwise). Order and arrange combinations of mathematical objects in patterns and sequences			Problem solving and Efficient methods.		Measurement: Time Tell and write the time to five minutes, including quarter past/to the hour and draw the hands on a clock face to show these times. Know the number of minutes in an hour and the number of hours in a day. Compare and sequence intervals of time.		Measurement: Mass, Capacity and Temperature Choose and use appropriate standard units to estimate and measure length/height in any direction (m/cm); mass (kg/g); temperature (°C); capacity (litres/ml) to the nearest appropriate unit, using rulers, scales, thermometers and measuring vessels Compare and order lengths, mass, volume/capacity and record the results using >, < and =			Investigations	

Year 3

Small Steps Guidance and Examples

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WRM – Year 3 – Scheme of Learning 2.0

Year 3 – Yearly Overview

	Week 1	Week 2	Week 3	Week 4	Week 5	Week 6	Week 7	Week 8	Week 9	Week 10	Week 11	Week 12
Autumn	Number – Place Value			Number – Addition and Subtraction					Number – Multiplication and Division			Consolidation
Spring	Number - Multiplication and Division			Measurement: Money	Statistics		Measurement: length and perimeter			Number - Fractions		Consolidation
Summer	Number – fractions			Measurement: Time			Geometry – Properties of Shapes		Measurement: Mass and Capacity			Consolidation

Year 3 – Autumn Term

Week 1	Week 2	Week 3	Week 4	Week 5	Week 6	Week 7	Week 8	Week 9	Week 10	Week 11	Week 12
Number – Place Value Identify, represent and estimate numbers using different representations. Find 10 or 100 more or less than a given number Recognise the place value of each digit in a three-digit number (hundreds, tens, ones). Compare and order numbers up to 1000 Read and write numbers up to 1000 in numerals and in words. Solve number problems and practical problems involving these ideas. <u>Count from 0 in multiples of</u> 4, 8, <u>50 and 100</u>			**Number – Addition and Subtraction** Add and subtract numbers mentally, including: a three-digit number and ones; a three-digit number and tens; a three digit number and hundreds. Add and subtract numbers with up to three digits, using formal written methods of columnar addition and subtraction. Estimate the answer to a calculation and use inverse operations to check answers. Solve problems, including missing number problems, using number facts, place value, and more complex addition and subtraction.					**Number – Multiplication and Division** <u>Count from 0 in multiples of 4, 8,</u> 50 and 100 Recall and use multiplication and division facts for the 3, 4 and 8 multiplication tables. <u>Write and calculate mathematical statements for multiplication and division using the multiplication tables they know,</u> including for two-digit numbers times one-digit numbers, using mental and progressing to formal written methods. Solve problems, including missing number problems, involving multiplication and division, including positive integer scaling problems and correspondence problems in which *n* objects are connected to *m* objectives.			

Year 3 – Spring Term

Week 1	Week 2	Week 3	Week 4	Week 5	Week 6	Week 7	Week 8	Week 9	Week 10	Week 11	Week 12
Number – multiplication and division Recall and use multiplication and division facts for the 3, 4 and 8 multiplication tables. Write and calculate mathematical statements for multiplication and division using the multiplication tables they know, including for two-digit numbers times one-digit numbers, using mental and progressing to formal written methods. Solve problems, including missing number problems, involving multiplication and division, including positive integer scaling problems and correspondence problems in which *n* objects are connected to *m* objectives.			**Measurement – money** Add and subtract amounts of money to give change, using both £ and p in practical contexts.	**Statistics** Interpret and present data using bar charts, pictograms and tables. Solve one-step and two-step questions [for example, 'How many more?' and 'How many fewer?'] using information presented in scaled bar charts and pictograms and tables.		**Measurement – length and perimeter** **Measure, compare, add and subtract: lengths (m/cm/mm)**; mass (kg/g); volume/capacity (l/ml). Measure the perimeter of simple 2D shapes.			**Number – fractions** Count up and down in tenths; recognise that tenths arise from dividing an object into 10 equal parts and in dividing one-digit numbers or quantities by 10 Recognise and use fractions as numbers: unit fractions and non-unit fractions with small denominators. Recognise, find and write fractions of a discrete set of objects: unit fractions and non-unit fractions with small denominators. Solve problems that involve all of the above.		Consolidation

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Year 3 – Summer Term

Week 1	Week 2	Week 3	Week 4	Week 5	Week 6	Week 7	Week 8	Week 9	Week 10	Week 11	Week 12
Number – fractions Recognise and show, using diagrams, equivalent fractions with small denominators. Compare and order unit fractions, and fractions with the same denominators. Add and subtract fractions with the same denominator within one whole [for example, $\frac{5}{7}+\frac{1}{7}=\frac{6}{7}$] Solve problems that involve all of the above.			**Measurement – time** Tell and write the time from an analogue clock, including using Roman numerals from I to XII and 12-hour and 24-hour clocks. Estimate and read time with increasing accuracy to the nearest minute. Record and compare time in terms of seconds, minutes and hours. Use vocabulary such as o'clock, a.m./p.m., morning, afternoon, noon and midnight. Know the number of seconds in a minute and the number of days in each month, year and leap year. Compare durations of events [for example to calculate the time taken by particular events or tasks].			**Geometry – properties of shape** Recognise angles as a property of shape or a description of a turn. Identify right angles, recognise that two right angles make a half-turn, three make three quarters of a turn and four a complete turn; identify whether angles are greater than or less than a right angle. Identify horizontal and vertical lines and pairs of perpendicular and parallel lines. Draw 2-D shapes and make 3-D shapes using modelling materials. Recognise 3-D shapes in different orientations and describe them.		**Measurement – mass and capacity** Measure, compare, add and subtract: lengths (m/cm/mm); mass (kg/g); volume/capacity (l/ml).			**Consolidation**

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Year 4

Small Steps Guidance and Examples

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Children First Learning Partnership

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WRM – Year 4 – Scheme of Learning 2.0

Year 4 – Yearly Overview

	Week 1	Week 2	Week 3	Week 4	Week 5	Week 6	Week 7	Week 8	Week 9	Week 10	Week 11	Week 12
Autumn	Number – Place Value				Number- Addition and Subtraction			Measurement - Length and Perimeter	Number- Multiplication and Division			Consolidation
Spring	Number- Multiplication and Division			Measurement - Area	Fractions					Decimals		Consolidation
Summer	Decimals		Measurement- Money		Time	Statistics		Geometry- Properties of Shape			Geometry- Position and Direction	Consolidation

Year 4 – Autumn Term

Week 1	Week 2	Week 3	Week 4	Week 5	Week 6	Week 7	Week 8	Week 9	Week 10	Week 11	Week 12
Number – Place Value Count in multiples of 6, 7, 9. 25 and 1000. Find 1000 more or less than a given number. Recognise the place value of each digit in a four digit number (thousands, hundreds, tens and ones) Order and compare numbers beyond 1000 Identify, represent and estimate numbers using different representations. Round any number to the nearest 10, 100 or 1000 Solve number and practical problems that involve all of the above and with increasingly large positive numbers. Count backwards through zero to include negative numbers. Read Roman numerals to 100 (I to C) and know that over time, the numeral system changed to include the concept of zero and place value.				Number- Addition and Subtraction Add and subtract numbers with up to 4 digits using the formal written methods of columnar addition and subtraction where appropriate. Estimate and use inverse operations to check answers to a calculation. Solve addition and subtraction two step problems in contexts, deciding which operations and methods to use and why.			Measurement: Length and Perimeter Measure and calculate the perimeter of a rectilinear figure (including squares) in centimetres and metres Convert between different units of measure [for example, kilometre to metre]	Number – Multiplication and Division Recall and use multiplication and division facts for multiplication tables up to 12 × 12. Count in multiples of 6, 7, 9. 25 and 1000 Use place value, known and derived facts to multiply and divide mentally, including: multiplying by 0 and 1; dividing by 1; multiplying together three numbers. Solve problems involving multiplying and adding, including using the distributive law to multiply two digit numbers by one digit, integer scaling problems and harder correspondence problems such as n objects are connected to m objects.			Consolidation

Year 4 – Spring Term

Week 1	Week 2	Week 3	Week 4	Week 5	Week 6	Week 7	Week 8	Week 9	Week 10	Week 11	Week 12
Number – multiplication and division Recall and use multiplication and division facts for multiplication tables up to 12 × 12. Use place value, known and derived facts to multiply and divide mentally, including: multiplying by 0 and 1; dividing by 1; multiplying together three numbers. Recognise and use factor pairs and commutativity in mental calculations. Multiply two digit and three digit numbers by a one digit number using formal written layout. Solve problems involving multiplying and adding, including using the distributive law to multiply two digit numbers by one digit, integer scaling problems and harder correspondence problems such as n objects are connected to m objects.			**Measurement- Area** Find the area of rectilinear shapes by counting squares.	**Fractions** Recognise and show, using diagrams, families of common equivalent fractions. Count up and down in hundredths; recognise that hundredths arise when dividing an object by one hundred and dividing tenths by ten. Solve problems involving increasingly harder fractions to calculate quantities, and fractions to divide quantities, including non-unit fractions where the answer is a whole number. Add and subtract fractions with the same denominator.				**Decimals** Recognise and write decimal equivalents of any number of tenths or hundredths. Find the effect of dividing a one or two digit number by 10 or 100, identifying the value of the digits in the answer as ones, tenths and hundredths Solve simple measure and money problems involving fractions and decimals to two decimal places. Convert between different units of measure [for example, kilometre to metre]			Consolidation

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WRM – Year 4 – Scheme of Learning 2.0

Year 4 – Summer Term

Week 1	Week 2	Week 3	Week 4	Week 5	Week 6	Week 7	Week 8	Week 9	Week 10	Week 11	Week 12
Decimals Compare numbers with the same number of decimal places up to two decimal places. Round decimals with one decimal place to the nearest whole number. Recognise and write decimal equivalents to $\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}$ and $\frac{3}{4}$ Find the effect of dividing a one or two digit number by 10 or 100, identifying the value of the digits in the answer as ones, tenths and hundredths		**Measurement- Money** Estimate, compare and calculate different measures, including money in pounds and pence. Solve simple measure and money problems involving fractions and decimals to two decimal places.		**Time** **Convert between different units of measure [for example,** kilometre to metre**; hour to minute]** Read, write and convert time between analogue and digital 12- and 24-hour clocks. Solve problems involving converting from hours to minutes; minutes to seconds; years to months; weeks to days.	**Statistics** Interpret and present discrete and continuous data using appropriate graphical methods, including bar charts and time graphs. Solve comparison, sum and difference problems using information presented in bar charts, pictograms, tables and other graphs.		**Geometry: Properties of shape** Identify acute and obtuse angles and compare and order angles up to two right angles by size. Compare and classify geometric shapes, including quadrilaterals and triangles, based on their properties and sizes. Identify lines of symmetry in 2-D shapes presented in different orientations. Complete a simple symmetric figure with respect to a specific line of symmetry.			**Geometry- Position and Direction** Describe positions on a 2-D grid as coordinates in the first quadrant. Plot specified points and draw sides to complete a given polygon. Describe movements between positions as translations of a given unit to the left/ right and up/ down.	Consolidation

Year 5

Small Steps Guidance and Examples

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Year 5 – Yearly Overview

	Week 1	Week 2	Week 3	Week 4	Week 5	Week 6	Week 7	Week 8	Week 9	Week 10	Week 11	Week 12
Autumn	Number – Place Value			Number – Addition and Subtraction		Statistics		Number – Multiplication and Division		Perimeter and Area		Consolidation
Spring	Number – Multiplication and Division			Number – Fractions						Number – Decimals & Percentages		Consolidation
Summer	Number – Decimals				Geometry- Properties of Shapes			Geometry- Position and Direction	Measurement- Converting Units		Measures Volume	Consolidation

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WRM – Year 5 – Scheme of Learning 2.0

Year 5 – Autumn Term

Week 1	Week 2	Week 3	Week 4	Week 5	Week 6	Week 7	Week 8	Week 9	Week 10	Week 11	Week 12
Number – Place Value Read, write, order and compare numbers to at least 1000000 and determine the value of each digit. Count forwards or backwards in steps of powers of 10 for any given number up to 1000000. Interpret negative numbers in context, count forwards and backwards with positive and negative whole numbers including through zero. Round any number up to 1000000 to the nearest 10, 100, 1000, 10000 and 100000 Solve number problems and practical problems that involve all of the above. Read Roman numerals to 1000 (M) and recognise years written in Roman numerals.			**Number- Addition and Subtraction** Add and subtract numbers mentally with increasingly large numbers. Add and subtract whole numbers with more than 4 digits, including using formal written methods (columnar addition and subtraction) Use rounding to check answers to calculations and determine, in the context of a problem, levels of accuracy. Solve addition and subtraction multi-step problems in contexts, deciding which operations and methods to use and why.		**Statistics** Solve comparison, sum and difference problems using information presented in a line graph. Complete, read and interpret information in tables including timetables.		**Number – multiplication and division** Multiply and divide numbers mentally drawing upon known facts. Multiply and divide whole numbers by 10, 100 and 1000. Identify multiples and factors, including finding all factor pairs of a number, and common factors of two numbers. Recognise and use square numbers and cube numbers and the notation for squared (^{2}) and cubed (^{3}) Solve problems involving multiplication and division including using their knowledge of factors and multiples, squares and cubes. Know and use the vocabulary of prime numbers, prime factors and composite (non-prime) numbers. Establish whether a number up to 100 is prime and recall prime numbers up to 19		**Perimeter and Area** Measure and calculate the perimeter of composite rectilinear shapes in cm and m. Calculate and compare the area of rectangles (including squares), and including using standard units, cm^2, m^2 estimate the area of irregular shapes.		Consolidation

WRM – Year 5 – Scheme of Learning 2.0

Year 5 – Spring Term

Week 1	Week 2	Week 3	Week 4	Week 5	Week 6	Week 7	Week 8	Week 9	Week 10	Week 11	Week 12
<u>Number – Multiplication and Division</u> Multiply and divide numbers mentally drawing upon known facts. Multiply numbers up to 4 digits by a one or two digit number using a formal written method, including long multiplication for 2 digit numbers. Divide numbers up to 4 digits by a one digit number using the formal written method of short division and interpret remainders appropriately for the context. Solve problems involving addition and subtraction, multiplication and division and a combination of these, including understanding the use of the equals sign.			<u>Number: Fractions</u> Compare and order fractions whose denominators are multiples of the same number. Identify, name and write equivalent fractions of a given fraction, represented visually including tenths and hundredths. Recognise mixed numbers and improper fractions and convert from one form to the other and write mathematical statements >1 as a mixed number [for example $\frac{2}{5}+\frac{4}{5}=\frac{6}{5}=1\frac{1}{5}$] Add and subtract fractions with the same denominator and denominators that are multiples of the same number. Multiply proper fractions and mixed numbers by whole numbers, supported by materials and diagrams. Read and write decimal numbers as fractions [for example $0.71=\frac{71}{100}$] Solve problems involving multiplication and division, including scaling by simple fractions and problems involving simple rates.						<u>Number: Decimals and Percentages</u> Read, write, order and compare numbers with up to three decimal places. Recognise and use thousandths and relate them to tenths, hundredths and decimal equivalents. Round decimals with two decimal places to the nearest whole number and to one decimal place. Solve problems involving number up to three decimal places. Recognise the per cent symbol (%) and understand that per cent relates to 'number of parts per hundred', and write percentages as a fraction with denominator 100, and as a decimal. Solve problems which require knowing percentage and decimal equivalents of $\frac{1}{2},\frac{1}{4},\frac{1}{5},\frac{2}{5},\frac{4}{5}$ and those fractions with a denominator of a multiple of 10 or 25.		Consolidation

Year 5 – Summer Term

Week 1	Week 2	Week 3	Week 4	Week 5	Week 6	Week 7	Week 8	Week 9	Week 10	Week 11	Week 12
Number: Decimals Solve problems involving number up to three decimal places. Multiply and divide whole numbers and those involving decimals by 10, 100 and 1000. Use all four operations to solve problems involving measure [for example, length, mass, volume, money] using decimal notation, including scaling.				**Geometry- Properties of Shapes and Angles** Identify 3D shapes, including cubes and other cuboids, from 2D representations. Use the properties of rectangles to deduce related facts and find missing lengths and angles. Distinguish between regular and irregular polygons based on reasoning about equal sides and angles. Know angles are measured in degrees: estimate and compare acute, obtuse and reflex angles. Draw given angles, and measure them in degrees (°) Identify: angles at a point and one whole turn (total 360°), angles at a point on a straight line and ½ a turn (total 180°) other multiples of 90°			**Geometry- position and direction** Identify, describe and represent the position of a shape following a reflection or translation, using the appropriate language, and know that the shape has not changed.	**Measurement- converting units** Convert between different units of metric measure [for example, km and m; cm and m; cm and mm; g and kg; l and ml] Understand and use approximate equivalences between metric units and common imperial units such as inches, pounds and pints. Solve problems involving converting between units of time.		**Measures** **Volume** Estimate volume [for example using 1cm³ blocks to build cuboids (including cubes)] and capacity [for example, using water] Use all four operations to solve problems involving measure.	Consolidation

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Year 6

Small Steps Guidance and Examples

White Rose Maths

Year 6 – Yearly Overview

	Week 1	Week 2	Week 3	Week 4	Week 5	Week 6	Week 7	Week 8	Week 9	Week 10	Week 11	Week 12
Autumn	Number- Place Value		Number- Addition, Subtraction, Multiplication and Division				Fractions				Geometry- Position and Direction	Consolidation
Spring	Number- Decimals		Number- Percentages		Number- Algebra		Measurement Converting units	Measurement Perimeter, Area and Volume		Number- Ratio		Consolidation
Summer	Geometry- Properties of Shapes		Problem solving			Statistics		Investigations				Consolidation

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Children First Learning Partnership
Inspiring Excellence Together

Year 6 – Autumn Term

Week 1	Week 2	Week 3	Week 4	Week 5	Week 6	Week 7	Week 8	Week 9	Week 10	Week 11	Week 12
Number: Place Value Read, write, order and compare numbers up to 10,000,000 and determine the value of each digit. Round any whole number to a required degree of accuracy. Use negative numbers in context, and calculate intervals across zero. Solve number and practical problems that involve all of the above.		**Number- addition subtraction, multiplication + division** Solve addition and subtraction multi step problems in contexts, deciding which operations and methods to use and why. Multiply multi-digit number up to 4 digits by a 2-digit number using the formal written method of long multiplication. Divide numbers up to 4 digits by a 2-digit whole number using the formal written method of long division, and interpret remainders as whole number remainders, fractions, or by rounding as appropriate for the context. Divide numbers up to 4 digits by a 2-digit number using the formal written method of short division, interpreting remainders according to the context. Perform mental calculations, including with mixed operations and large numbers. Identify common factors, common multiples and prime numbers. Use their knowledge of the order of operations to carry out calculations involving the four operations. Solve problems involving addition, subtraction, multiplication and division. Use estimation to check answers to calculations and determine in the context of a problem, an appropriate degree of accuracy.				**Fractions** Use common factors to simplify fractions; use common multiples to express fractions in the same denomination. Compare and order fractions, including fractions > 1 Generate and describe linear number sequences (with fractions) Add and subtract fractions with different denominations and mixed numbers, using the concept of equivalent fractions. Multiply simple pairs of proper fractions, writing the answer in its simplest form [for example $\frac{1}{4} \times \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{8}$] Divide proper fractions by whole numbers [for example $\frac{1}{3} \div 2 = \frac{1}{6}$] Associate a fraction with division and calculate decimal fraction equivalents [for example, 0.375] for a simple fraction [for example $\frac{3}{8}$] Recall and use equivalences between simple fractions, decimals and percentages, including in different contexts.				**Geometry- Position and Direction** Describe positions on the full coordinate grid (all four quadrants). Draw and translate simple shapes on the coordinate plane, and reflect them in the axes.	Consolidation

Year 6 – Spring Term

Week 1	Week 2	Week 3	Week 4	Week 5	Week 6	Week 7	Week 8	Week 9	Week 10	Week 11	Week 12
Number: Decimals Identify the value of each digit in numbers given to 3 decimal places and multiply numbers by 10, 100 and 1,000 giving answers up to 3 decimal places. Multiply one-digit numbers with up to 2 decimal places by whole numbers. Use written division methods in cases where the answer has up to 2 decimal places. Solve problems which require answers to be rounded to specified degrees of accuracy.		**Number: Percentages** Solve problems involving the calculation of percentages [for example, of measures and such as 15% of 360] and the use of percentages for comparison. Recall and use equivalences between simple fractions, decimals and percentages including in different contexts.		**Number: Algebra** Use simple formulae Generate and describe linear number sequences. Express missing number problems algebraically. Find pairs of numbers that satisfy an equation with two unknowns. Enumerate possibilities of combinations of two variables.		**Measurement Converting Units** Solve problems involving the calculation and conversion of units of measure, using decimal notation up to three decimal places where appropriate. Use, read, write and convert between standard units, converting measurements of length, mass, volume and time from a smaller unit of measure to a larger unit, and vice versa, using decimal notation to up to 3dp. Convert between miles and kilometres.	**Measurement: Perimeter, Area and Volume** Recognise that shapes with the same areas can have different perimeters and vice versa. Recognise when it is possible to use formulae for area and volume of shapes. Calculate the area of parallelograms and triangles. Calculate, estimate and compare volume of cubes and cuboids using standard units, including cm^3, m^3 and extending to other units (mm^3, km^3)		**Number: Ratio** Solve problems involving the relative sizes of two quantities where missing values can be found by using integer multiplication and division facts. Solve problems involving similar shapes where the scale factor is known or can be found. Solve problems involving unequal sharing and grouping using knowledge of fractions and multiples.		Consolidation

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Inspiring Excellence Together

Year 6 – Summer Term

Week 1	Week 2	Week 3	Week 4	Week 5	Week 6	Week 7	Week 8	Week 9	Week 10	Week 11	Week 12
<u>Geometry: Properties of Shapes</u> Draw 2-D shapes using given dimensions and angles. Compare and classify geometric shapes based on their properties and sizes and find unknown angles in any triangles, quadrilaterals and regular polygons. Recognise angles where they meet at a point, are on a straight line, or are vertically opposite, and find missing angles.		<u>Problem Solving</u>			<u>Statistics</u> Illustrate and name parts of circles, including radius, diameter and circumference and know that the diameter is twice the radius. Interpret and construct pie charts and line graphs and use these to solve problems. Calculate the mean as an average.		<u>Investigations</u>				Consolidation